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ess THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

**Daily Prayer Meeting**
10 a. m. to 12 m. at the Methodist Church, Fifth Avenue, between Wood and Market streets.

**"Fine Do Dope."**
"Fine Do Dope," a Perfume for the Handkerchief, Vapurite, Lasting Fragrance. Sold at Fleming's Drug Store, 68 Market street.

**Wilson's National Dancing Academy, 102 Fifth Street.**
A place to learn the art of dancing. Mr. Wilson's Academy is conducted in the most orderly manner. The music are selected in the most tasteful manner, and the attendance are very select and well bred.

**The Location of the Season**
Is undoubtedly at Mellwaine's cozy and elegant Saloon, a few of the items are ice cream, confectionery, fruits, nuts, oysters, canned fruits, pickles, mustard, sauces, Worcestershire sauce, Durkee mustard, Lazenby's salad dressing, and domestic confectionery, &c.

**Goods of Facilities**
Is the motto of Joseph Home & Co., whose assortment of Woolens and Trimmings for Men and Boys' wear, both in quality and price, are unsurpassed. Their Custom Department can supply their stock on more favorable terms than in the Eastern markets. Their Ready-made Clothing Department, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises, are unsurpassed in quality, style and price. Home, Smith and Corner, 8, 10 and 12 Fifth street.

**Joseph Home & Co.'s**
Woolens and Retail Notions and Trimmings at their new establishment, Home, Smith and Corner, 8, 10 and 12 Fifth street.

**Merchants and Shippers**
Dealers can supply their stock on more favorable terms in the Eastern market by calling on Joseph Home & Co., Home, Smith and Corner, 8, 10 and 12 Fifth street.

**Artificial Flowers.**
Ostrich Feathers, &c. A full line of Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, &c., at the Wholesale Notion House of Joseph Home & Co., Home, Smith and Corner, 8, 10 and 12 Fifth street.

**To Country and City Merchants.**
We have a full assortment of goods, specifying particularly complimentary cards of Dress Goods in all the new styles, which we offer at prices to suit Eastern prices. Tubb, Hilliger, Austen Room No. 10 Fifth street.

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**Havana Tobacco,**
A New York State, Connecticut Leaf Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, &c., at wholesale, at No. 27 Diamond, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

## The Daily Commercial

## NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The tobacco factory of McDonald & Buchanan, at Windsor, Conn., has been seized by the government for the violation of the revenue laws.

Mr. Seward has asked the Prussian government to withdraw Baron Knoerner and Count Bernstorff, recently engaged in a duel near Washington.

A tomb in the old burying ground at Dennis, Mass., holding the remains of the Parr family for generations, was broken into some young rascals, who stole the silver plate from the coffins and then broke the coffins and took the nickel-plate off the lid and sold them to a manufactory of base coins. Some of the thieves have been arrested.

The Lexington, Kentucky, races closed on Friday. The first race was a three mile dash, for all ages, and a purse of $700. Four rose started, and the race was won by John Morgan, beating Bell, Boy and Vat. Selfsecond race was mile heats, constellation rose for beaten horse, five to all ages. Three rose started, and the race was won by Era Gorgon, in two straight heats; time, 1:50 and 1:49.

It is said that Archbishop McCloskey has purchased the St. John Episcopal chapel in 34th street, New York, with the design of converting it into a Roman Catholic church. His is one of the chapels erected by the corporation of Trinity church.

At a meeting of the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, Board of Trade, and kindred bodies, on Tuesday evening, a complete plan was agreed upon for the reception and treatment of the delegates to the National Board of Trade, to meet there next month. Representatives from every considerable city in the United States are expected to be present. The Committee met in the Academy of Music, which is to be handsomely decorated on the occasion. Excursions by land and water in all directions have been provided.

Advices from Acapulco, Mexico, state that the insurgent General Alvarez had levied a forced loan of $40,000, and had taken the field. He had advanced, via the Sierra, according to the last accounts, to attack Chilpancyo, in the State of Guerrero. General Rivera is reported to have pronounced in favor of Ortega. At Oaxaca a grand Masonic banquet was held to celebrate the anniversary of Juarez's victory over the French at Puebla, in 1862. The telegraph is completed between Puerto and Tequitlan. The subjects of the War and Navy Departments were rejected by Congress. General Marshall has now set at liberty. Fabacas is in a revolution, notwithstanding the Government reports to the contrary.

In the hotel at Lancaster, New Hampshire, on Tuesday night, Captain Beatty, formerly an officer in one of the Vermont regiments, became engaged at George Millard Scranton's table after dinner with Judge Bellows for his counsel. He refused not to submit the bar room for him. He consented to cut his heart out, and in pursuance of the threat he went to the room, got a knife, and coming unobserved behind Millard, plunged the weapon in his back. Millard, enraged, in the confusion of which the Captain succeeded in stabbing him again, the knife entering his side, and the point breaking off on one of his ribs. Then Millard, with his superior strength remained, attacked Captain Beatty and beat him insensible, and almost to a jelly, after which he sank floating to the floor. The situation of both is precarious, although the Captain is likely to recover.

The Massachusetts Democratic State Convention met at Worcester yesterday to elect delegates to the National Convention. One hundred and two towns and cities were represented by the delegates. Hon. Clarke G. Green, of Boston, was chosen President, with fifty Vice Presidents. Resolutions were then submitted, but by a strong vote declined to pass any resolutions. No formal speeches were made. The delegates generally were desirous to leave the party to the broadest possible action as circumstances may hereafter build up as favorable to success. John Quincy Adams, late Democratic candidate for Governor, made a brief speech in response to a call, after which three cheers were given for the next Governor of Massachusetts. The following delegates were chosen: Hon. Geo. Ashmun, Hon. Nelson Noyes, Hon. Benjamin F. Hallett, Gen. W. Gill, Hon. Benjamin F. Thomas.

Alternates, F. E. Parker, T. H. Sweetser, T. F. Plunkett, Gen. Johnson.

The organization of the South Pacific Railroad Company, the purchaser of the Southwest Pacific Railroad, was completed yesterday at their office in New York. The following officers were elected: Francis B. Hays, of Boston, President; General Clinton B. Fisk, of St. Louis, Vice President; Edward Learned, of New York, Treasurer. The road is to be pushed on to the thirty-fifth parallel without delay.

The steamer Saxonia, from Europe, arrived at New York yesterday.

The export of specie from New York to-day is expected to be $600,000.

The piano forte makers' strike in New York ended in the concession by the employers of the advance in wages demanded.

The exports from New York for the week, exclusive of specie, were $4,020,781.

Collector of Internal Revenue Black says the statement that he directly or indirectly received $10,000 from C. W. Woolley, of Cincinnati, to assist in breaking down impeachment, is entirely unfounded.

It is reported in New York that negotiations are on foot for the withdrawal of the Pacific mail line.

In Schenectady, N. Y., the tax papers voted by 622 against 155 to introduce water works. The women voted.

The New York Commercial's Washington special says Sexton, a newspaper correspondent, testified before the impeachment managers to-day that Senator Ross said late last week he would vote for conviction on the eleventh article.

A Havana dispatch of yesterday says: A severe storm prevailed yesterday. Several lives were lost in the harbor. Many ships and steamers dragged their anchors. The Dover steamer states that the late Bishop of Jamaica will not return, but has been appointed Bishop of Bermuda.

The Conservatives of Charleston have nominated for Mayor Col. Wm. F. Patton, an officer of the United States army during the war. His opponent is Robert Pillsbury, ex-rebel soldier.

THE ROCHESTER WARWICK.—The Columbus Journal tells the following of Gen. Sherman: As one of the Connecticut towns where he was brought out on the platform to be sent by his fellow-citizens, just before the train left he observed a tall, awkward looking fellow approach the car, and, with more than usual solemnity, extend his hand, and, bellowing, "Sherman, you're Warwick, by God!" The brave General, stepping out for a moment to the platform, grasped the hand of the stranger, and, looking down in the crowd, said, "Yes, I am Warwick, and you are a d—d fine fellow." The General looked as if he had enjoyed the compliment more than the battle of Atlanta, with a grim smile on his face, and, "Warwick, indeed," was repeated.

VOL. V. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1868. NO. 214.

# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

## FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

## CHICAGO.

**National Republican Convention.**

**Carl Schurz Temporary Chairman.**

**Remarks of Gov. Ward and Gen. Schurz.**

**Delegates from Southern States Admitted.**

**Debate on Admission of Territorial Delegates.**

**Gov. Hawley Permanent President.**

**Stirring Address to the Convention.**

**Speech of Ex-Governor Brown, of Ga.**

**Reception of Soldiers' Delegation.**

**Action of Their Convention Indorsed.**

**Report of Committee on Credentials.**

**Adjournment Until To-day.**

**Change Proposed in Name of Party.**

**Speculation on the Vice Presidency.**

**Hamlin Regarded as the Coming Man.**

**Special Dispatch to the Commercial.**

CHICAGO, May 20, 1868.

The Vice Presidency is as doubtful as ever. Mr. Wade's friends are more and Colfax's less sanguine. Fenton, Curtin and Wilson are about equally strong. By many Mr. Hamlin is regarded as the coming man. Future conventions will determine. There is a strong disposition to select the Vice President from the East, in which case Fenton's and Hamlin's friends think the contest will be between them.

S.

To Western Associated Press.

CHICAGO, May 20, 1868.

12:30 P. M.—Governor Ward, Chairman of the National Republican Executive Committee, called the Convention to order.

In a brief address he urged the delegates to take no step backward, to denounce all that the war was a failure, and as emancipated race lifted from slavery to the position with the Republican party to maintain Republican liberty. Neither armed treason nor unarmed opposition can stay the onward march of events. Applause. If you designate as leader the great captain of the age, the nation will greet it as a pronouncement of victory by our cause and peace to the people. Applause.

Prayer by Bishop Simpson.

On motion of Mr. Ward, General Carl Schurz, of Missouri, was made temporary chairman, and was conducted to the chair amid applause.

General Schurz followed a brief address, in which he said the Democratic party had been the party of the Republican party, and the triumphs in support of its cause, union, humanity and equal rights. Of late, the Democratic party has fallen in its decadence, the Republican party is the true order of things, and in the coming election the Democratic party will be defeated by the Republican party. In reference to Johnson he said we encounter one man power to-day. Johnson has abused the veto power, and has used it to defeat the will of the people. Applause. He continued at length in support of the Republican party, and in reference to the reconstruction measures of the present session of Congress. Applause. He said the Democratic party would be compelled to come to the support of the Republican party on the question of reconstruction. Applause.

A motion was made that a committee of one be appointed from each State represented in the Convention, to report permanent organization. Agreed to.

Mr. Van Winkle, of West Virginia, moved to nominate the chair as such committee. Mr. Logan, of Illinois, said the purpose of this motion was to secure the presence of the entire delegation from each State on the committee on credentials. He said the purpose of the motion was to secure the presence of the entire delegation from each State on the committee on credentials. Agreed to.

A motion to refer the motion to committee upon the permanent organization. Agreed to.

The call of the States was proceeded with, and the following delegates were announced:

COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

California, W. L. Gorman, Nevada, Thos. Fitzgerald, Oregon, A. R. Burch.
Connecticut, A. B. Bulkeley, Wilson Lounsbury, Dan. Tomlinson, B. E. Chamberlain.
Delaware, Wilson Lounsbury, Dan. Tomlinson, B. E. Chamberlain.
Florida, B. E. Chamberlain, W. H. Wallace.
Indiana, A. Hamilton, Jas. Bradley, Jas. Gregory, W. H. Watson, Oliver Jones, Samuel Brenton, I. J. Bigger, Wm. Mitchell, Jas. Wilson, Wm. Wallace, Wm. Steele, Wm. Bingham, Wm. Williamson, Wm. Bingham, Wm. Williamson, Wm. Bingham, Wm. Williamson

# The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1868.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

*An proof of the estimate placed on the market reports of the COMMERCIAL, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Economist, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of this character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly reprint them with credit. There is within five hundred miles, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the COMMERCIAL, principally, because its reports are the only full and reliable given of the Pittsburgh markets.*

## WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

Presidential Year—20 Copies for $25.

In clubs of twenty the WEEKLY COMMERCIAL will be sent for $1 25 a copy—but in no case will an order for less than twenty be received.

This reduction has been made to meet the wishes of many friends who stand ready to give the COMMERCIAL an extensive circulation.

At this rate it is the cheapest—as it is one of the largest and best—papers in the country. Besides political reading, each number will contain all the news, a large variety of Literature, Agricultural and Home Reading, and the fullest Reports of all the leading markets of the country. The market reports alone are worth ten times a year's subscription.

Our friends everywhere are requested to act as agents. Address,

COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.


Gov. GRIMES, it is said, will approve the law, passed at the last session of the Legislature, extending the Mechanics' Lien Law to repairs, and providing for the speedy trial of cases where liens have been filed. This new law will go into effect on the first of August.

A MASS meeting of conservatives assembled at the St. Charles Hotel, in some meeting, last evening, and after hearing a speech from Ex-Governor JOHNSTON, adopted a series of resolutions, in print at the time the Committee was appointed to prepare the same, which will be found in our local columns. In the list of officers will be found the names of a number of persons who "don't train in that crowd."

A SUIT in equity has been commenced by one CHARLES BROWN and others against the Philadelphia Councils, Aldermen and City Commissioners to restrain them from carrying out the registry law enacted by the late Legislature. The case is to come before the Supreme Court at Harrisburg on the 27th inst., and it will be argued by FURMAN SHEPPARD, HENRY M. PHILLIPS, Gustus W. BROWN and WM. L. HIRST, Esqs., upon the part of the plaintiff. At a recent meeting of the Philadelphia Republican Executive Committee, the management of the case for the defense was placed in the hands of District Attorney MANN. Mr. MANN has associated with himself WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, Esq.

### THE CONVENTION.

The Republican National Convention assembled in the Crosby Opera House, Chicago, yesterday, and at 12:30 P. M., was called to order by Governor WADE, of New Jersey, Chairman of the National Executive Committee. General CARL SCHURZ, of Missouri, was called to preside temporarily. When the States were called for Committeemen on credentials, the Southern States were omitted, when the point was raised that they were entitled to representation, which the Convention by vote sustained and the States were called. Preliminaries for a permanent organization were then arranged, after which the Convention took a recess. It is not unlikely the Convention will remain in session until to-morrow.

The proceedings thus far have been characterized by a spirit of harmony, and an enthusiastic determination that the party shall take no step backward, but continue to be the party of progress. Our special dispatches on the first page will give the reader full information of the proceedings of the Convention up to the hour of its adjournment at each session, as well as the speculations regarding its future action.

### ADJOURNING—QUITE TIME.

Our neighbors in Ohio have an opportunity of judging as to the comparative cheapness and efficiency between Republican and Democratic governments. Last fall the State went Democratic, and great things were predicted of the usefulness and economy of the present legislative body. The *per diem* of the Democratic Legislature of Ohio is $629 72 for each day; and as the solons intend to sit thirty-nine days more toward the close of the year, the total cost to the State of the *per diem* will amount to $150,273 23, rather a large bill for *per diems* for one session. It is carefully estimated that one year's legislation will cost Ohio the sum of $214,878 67. The cost last year of Republican legislation was $60,941 88; the balance in favor of Republican government being $122,602 79. The first year of a Democratic Legislature in Ohio gives one hundred and seventy-three days of legislation, while last year only one hundred and five days were expended in legislation. Our neighbors will find Democratic Legislatures very expensive, if this one is a fair sample.

The great complaint all over Ohio is that the Legislature grind out laws that have little sense in their construction. The three memorable laws of the session, as far as it has gone, are "the Visible Admixture Bill," disfranchisement of soldiers at Dayton Soldiers' Home, and other places, and the disfranchisement of the students at colleges and schools. Looking through the work of the Ohio Legislature for the 778 days that they have sat, we do not find any other acts that call for notice. What the Solons of Ohio want to sit other 39 days for in the Fall, we cannot understand. There must be in the body a great number of lame ducks, to whom the *per diem* is of consequence, or they would not thus trifle with time. The adjournment of the wonderful men at Columbus is the cause for much merriment in the Ohio papers, and the figures and facts we have presented will show cause why the people should be merry at the blundering crew who have taken nearly seventy days more already than was consumed last year to do worse than nothing, without counting the cost, and who intend (D. V.) to sit 39 days more in the Fall. We wish we could write their epitaph for the year, but that, with the 39 days in store, is impossible. Could we do so, we might say in parody:

Here the nine Legislatures,
Whose work is not to-day or to-morrow,
Are laid to rest from their labors,
But—never a wise one.

### The Central Park.

The annual report of the Central Park Commissioner, of New York, for the year 1867, shows that the total cost of the Park, up to the 1st of January, 1868, to be about $10,000,000. The interest on this, at six per cent., is $600,000, added to the outlay for its maintenance, say $100,000, makes the sum of $800,000, or $1 per head for every man, woman and child of the population, the price of the luxury of having 815 acres of land, laid out in walks, drives, grass, flowers, trees, shrubbery, lakes—in short, everything that is beautiful in nature. The number of Sunday visitors, of whom this class constitutes a large portion, is, at certain seasons of the year, as many as 30,000 visit the vehicles, each of which contains two or more passengers, amount on the same days to from 25,000 to 35,000. This shows that the park is emphatically the people's pleasure ground; and how nobly they grow themselves worthy to enjoy it, is manifest from the further fact that out of the eight millions who availed themselves of its privileges during the past year, only one arrest was made for breaking shrubs and flowers. Indeed, only 111 arrests were made altogether, and of these fifty-seven were for petty driving, and of course ignorant persons proving that not one man in a million of the first passengers conducted themselves with other than the greatest propriety. Every possible means and appliance, at whatever cost, to improve the morals, invigorate the physical system, cultivate the ornamental brain and muscle, and in one of the most efficient senses which can be devised for elevating and refining the masses.

### Alaska.

Accounts in regard to the climatic, agricultural, geographical and other conditions of Alaska, differ so very widely that one scarcely knows what to believe. Caseine M. Clay has asserted that "the territory is worth at least fifty millions of dollars," and that "ice misses, parts, furs, fisheries, etc., are of untold value, while its fields will produce many grains, even to the hardy wheat." Mr. Clay has never been "there," and his glowing descriptions are purchased much less reliable than those of Mr. George Davidson, of the United States coast survey, who, with seven assistants, examined the country scientifically. His reports that neither wheat nor any other cereals grow in Alaska, and that it is very doubtful whether they would succeed; that not a mine, even of coal, much less of iron, gold or silver, is worked there, and that all the attempts of his geologist to find coal and iron were failures; that the "ports" are full of insecurity and danger, and that the much lauded harbor of New Archangel (Sitka) should be abandoned for a better one in a wholly unsettled region; and that the furs, of whose richness and abundance we have heard so much, are rapidly disappearing, and that the fur bearing animals are already extremely scarce. Mr. Davidson reports that "at our different stations we attempted to obtain the temperature of the earth three feet below the surface, but never penetrated a foot before the hole was filled with water."

So immense a disproportion of moisture produces a vegetation almost peculiar to Alaska. Nearly the whole extent of the country, as seen by our naturalists, is covered with sphagnum from one to two feet in depth. This "sphagnum" is a thick moss, forming a soft cushion into which the traveler sinks at least to his knee top at every step. "Even on the steepest hill-sides," says Mr. Davidson, "this carpet is saturated with water, and renders progress through it very slow and difficult." One fact seems well established—that there is no drought in that country. In three months spent by our explorers in Alaskan waters—from August to November—they saw the sun less than one day in seven. Eighty-five inches of rain fall annually—just twice the average of the Island of Great Britain.

### Cruelty to Animals.

If our domestic animals were gifted with speech, what tales of cruelty, oppression and suffering they could tell! "Man's inhumanity to man" is great, but it is nothing compared with the misery which he either ignorantly or wantonly inflicts upon dumb animals—and especially those which constitute most to his comfort. Every one has, at times, witnessed acts of the most heartless cruelty towards the horse, the mule, the ox, the cow, and other domestic animals, but it is only when personal ox sufferers to watch offenders that they ascertain the real extent to which the wrong is practiced. In New York during the month of April, through the exertions of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, convictions were had in a dozen cases, and the fines amounted to one hundred and forty dollars. Some of the offenses consisted in driving horses with cunning sores, working lame and sick horses, depriving animals of necessary food, packing calves and sheep too closely in wagons, etc. In Massachusetts a more stringent law upon the subject has just been passed and signed by the Governor. Every person who shall overdrive, overwork, overload, torture, torment, or fail to provide with proper food, drink, and shelter any animal, is to be punished by a maximum fine of $250, and by an imprisonment not exceeding one year. The statute is so drawn as to include not only the actual perpetrator of the cruelty, but also the person who shall authorize or permit the torture to be inflicted. Animals unfit for work from age, disease or physical disability are also protected. The transportation of cattle in an inhuman manner is forbidden, and railroad companies are directed after keeping the animals confined for twenty-eight hours, to unload the stock for rest, water and feeding for a period of five hours. The necessity for such a law is sufficiently apparent to the friends of the brute creation, who are now striving to release the sufferings of the dumb animals, and it is to be hoped that their next appeal for aid from the Pennsylvania Legislature may not be listened to without a favorable response.

### To the People of Southern Pennsylvania.

The citizens of Wilmington, Delaware, who share the anxiety of the people of the southern counties of this State for a new through railway line from East to West, have addressed the following to the people of Southern Pennsylvania.

The city of Wilmington, Delaware, is situated upon Delaware, at the point where a straight line, drawn from West to East, through the middle of Pennsylvania, would strike the Delaware River. The city limits extend to the Delaware, and include upon it, and upon the Brandywine and Christiana rivers, not less than two miles of front, suitable for wharfage, and having nearly sufficient depth of water to float the largest merchant vessels. The harbor is accessible at all times to the mouth of the Christiana in a natural tower, and is the first point, and the only one of any importance on the west bank of the Delaware above the breakwater at Cape Henlopen.

The advantages of a harbor at this point are numerous, one of the most obvious and important being the practicability of keeping down the mouth of the Christiana, where shall be kept, properly prepared, rafts of each regiment, with the patriotic address of each man who shall have served in the army, emblazoned a number, and shall have power to make signals.

The last annual meeting was held at Harrisburg. The next one will be held in this city on Saturday, May 30, 1868, on the anniversary of the battle of Bethesda Church, the last in which the Reserves participated.

The Academy of Music has been secured for the occasion, and at that hall will be in attendance.

The order of business will be:

1. Report of Board of Directors.
2. Election of officers.
3. Oration.
4. A Banquet.

All the arrangements indicate a fine turn out. Members of the old corps residing at a distance can procure excursion tickets, and they should at once notify Major JOHN C. HARVEY, Recording Secretary, Pittsburgh, Pa., of their intention to be present, that proper arrangements may be made for the all.

The meeting will assemble at ten o'clock in the morning. General LEMUEL TODD, of Carlisle, will deliver the oration.

A. C. ROGERS, Esq., the energetic Chairman of the Monroe County Republican Committee, was in the city yesterday. Monroe, we are assured by Mr. R., will roll up a large majority for Grant and the whole Republican ticket next fall.

The Belle of Alton has made the trip from St. Louis to Alton in two hours. The Alton's best time was one hour and thirty-seven minutes, which is fast, will require a considerable improvement upon the part of the Belle.

### PERSONAL.

—The following advertisement appears in a London journal: "A lady of retiring habits, whose husband is dead, wishes to dispose of a small, but muscular female child six months old. A captain of a ship or an elderly gentleman going abroad would be handsomely negotiated with. The child is fair, and of an engaging disposition, and has been well christened in a Protestant church. Satisfactory reasons will be given by the mother, having no further use for it. By letter only."

—The wife of a Boston banker had a narrow escape a few days since from death by poisoning. A box containing phosphorus rat poison had been left open through inadvertence near a folded blanket, which was used after it had become thoroughly impregnated with it. By the prompt attention of a physician immediate danger was averted, although the lady is not at present fully recovered.

—Mr. John Brown, an American living in Valparaiso, Chile, has lent that city $100,000 in gold for internal improvements. The history of Mr. Brown, says a Boston paper, is a remarkable instance of the force and perseverance of the Yankee character. It is but a few years ago that he landed at Valparaiso from a ship where he had worked as one of the crew, and with nothing but the clothes he had on, commenced work as a journeyman carpenter. He has an interesting family, lives in princely comfort, and stands at the head of social and financial affairs in Chile.

—The inhabitants of Newark were startled by the sudden death of the Rev. N. A. Madden, a Catholic priest, which took place at the house of James Dougherty, on Sunday. He was on a visit to the pastor of St. John's Street Church, in that city, and, when passing on Saturday the residence of Mr. Dougherty, was stricken by paralysis and taken into the house, where he died on Sunday. He was recently appointed Vicar-General of his Diocese, and President of Seton Hall College. He was 43 years of age, a native of New York, and pastor of Madison, N. J., for the last 14 years.

—The court journals say that the Empress has "designed to decide" that all the children in France born on March 16, 1856 (the Prince Imperial's natal day), shall receive their first communion on the same day as her son, and that a sum of money shall be given to every one of them. There are two objections to the first part of this arrangement. The Empress has no power to decide anything of the kind, and a good many of the children so born will have gone through the initiatory ceremony of their Catholic profession already.

—The South has a female champion in the person of Miss Annie Smith, described as a lady of genius, culture, and refinement, who is lecturing on the present condition and prospects of the Southern States, and proposes to mingle in the political campaign. She is a strong partisan of politics, woman's rights, and other matters of public interest.

—It appears that Mr. Bingham had rather a narrow escape from a recoil in his hit at Mr. Fowler's desire to "make his argument immortal by making it eternal." Mr. Fowler's speech was delivered on the evening of the 30th of March, on thirty-nine columns of the Globe, and Mr. Bingham's runs a little over seventy-seven columns.

—Mrs. Judd, of divorce case celebrity, is soon to commence a lecturing tour. She speaks on Thursday evening in the Franklin Hall, Bridgeport. Her subject is, "Shall women be subjected to cruel indignities and have no redress?"

—Senator Henderson, of Missouri, it is said, is about to marry a New York lady, Miss FOOTE, daughter of Elisha Foote, Esq., who is employed in the Patent Office at Washington.

### POLITICAL.

The Philadelphia *Press* says: With every hour the demand increases that three Senators who, from whatever cause, proved unequal to the emergency on Saturday, be officially read out of the party at Chicago. The Republican organization owes it to itself to expel from its communion promptly those faltering leaders, whom the people have spontaneously repudiated. We can lose nothing by casting them off. We can gain much by doing it, in their presence to the party. But at all events, now or way, we do not want political associations with this clique.

General Franklin Pierce, who was at one time President of the United States, has written a long letter, formed of inconsequential platitudes and vague and imposing words, on the Democratic situation. The occasion which has called forth this profound letter is the approaching National Convention at New York. This statesman says, and with solemn deliberateness, solemn "wise saws."

Rev. James Lynch, a colored clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, formerly stationed in Washington, has received the appointment to the State Senate of Mississippi, from the Union convention of Hinds county, where he now resides. While promising to faithfully and diligent labor for the fulfillment of the new constitutional oath, he declines the social position on account of his ecclesiastical ties.

The *North American* gives this advice to Johnson: If President Johnson wishes to become useful once more to the country we can tell him what to do. Let him reappoint Sheridan to the command in New Orleans, restore Hancock to the Indian field of operations in the West, give Schofield command in Arkansas, send Rousseau back to Kentucky, let Secretary Stanton alone, recall Mr. Speed to the Cabinet, and appoint Mr. Evarts and Mr. Morley back as Minister to Austria, remove the thousands of copperheads from the offices to the places given them to build up a personal influence for himself, and then, if he chooses, send dispatches to the Southern States advising them to ratify the proposed fourteenth article of the Constitution, and upon the power to be given to protect the rights and the lives of Union men, white and black, from the bandits at the South.

The Boston *Advertiser* says: It is evident that the movement in favor of Gen. Hancock as the candidate of the Democrats is to be a strong one. It is said that the opponents of Mr. Pendleton, with a large number of strength, have made a poor fight through division among themselves. Governor Seymour has been the favorite with some, but he has given no opportunity for efficient work in his behalf, having rather discouraged his friends by weak refusals to be regarded as a candidate, which could not be true if he desired it. Many persons also have had a hope that the lack of defined candidate of four years ago might be again put on the course. Others still have contended for the nomination of Mr. Johnson, and another party for Gen. Hancock. It now looks as though the real contest would come between Gen. Hancock and Mr. Pendleton.

Further remarks were made by Colonel Hopkins, M. B. Brown, Hon. Wm. Montgomery, Boyd Crumrine, Esq., General McNary, Dr. Thomas McKennan, Wm. McDaniel, Craig Ritchie, J. D. Braden, and other influential citizens.

Mr. Brown offered the following, which was adopted:

*Resolved*, That a committee of three be appointed by the meeting, to run the Master of Petitioners to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will serve to furnish the balance of the names required to finish the road of the Chartiers Valley Railroad company between Mansfield and Washington, on the bonds of said company, provided the citizens of Allegheny and Washington counties, in the vicinity of the construction of the road, will secure the right of way and real estate necessary for the same, free of charge, and subscribe for and pay up as required by law, the sum of $100,000 of the capital stock, of the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company.

Yours, very respectfully,
A. KINGSLEY, Treasurer.

The money subscribed is to be in four payments, running through one year, at the road progresses. The road would be put under contract as soon as the amount was subscribed. Mr. Brown said the whole question then was simply this: the people along the line and in the two counties, the interested parties must come up and subscribe and raise this amount and thus show a willingness to have the road, and his word for it, the cars would be running on the road in twelve months or less.

Maj. Ewing made a brief speech heartily indorsing the offer of the Pennsylvania Company, and concluding as follows:

"Now not the stand back and allow this chance to escape. Let us go about the subscriptions from the people. Let the committee appointed to wait on those who will give but little, and on small the whole amount. Let us go to work at once, and do this in the last effort, and unless yourself now, you will never see one more road finished."

Wm. McKennan, Esq., followed in an earnest speech in behalf of the completion of the road, giving facts and figures to prove its great value to the farmers and others along the line.

Mr. McKennan concluded as follows:

"The Pennsylvania Company has the power now to make proposals, and others which he could not make, and which would be sufficient to have it complete in a year. With larger increase in value of their property which would result, they could afford to make more favorable terms to small railroad facilities, and would be willing to wait for their money. They now put forth their hands, and willingly ask you to help them. They have been liberal to you, and will be liberal to you hereafter. The road must be finished this season, and I hope that every man will do his duty. If you do not, you will have no one to blame but yourselves. If you do not, you will have no one to blame but yourselves. If you do not, you will have no one to blame but yourselves

# he Daily Commercial

## EM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

### PASTURE LOTS.

lock which have been comfortably housed well fed during winter should not be turned to shift themselves on pasture too early spring, as not only will the animals be ir by too sudden an exposure to cold and weather, and the change from dry to suc nt food, but the pastures will be damaged ning keys down too early in the season be the grass had grown high enough to pro the roots from the rays of the sun. When ssture is eaten down too closely in May, it hem producers will during the rest of the t. There should be always some green crop ssist the pasture in the spring and fall. A d of rye has been found very useful when ou in May or June. Reaf clover when prop y managed, is also of great service.

### PLAYING CORN.

e preparing for corn, the soil should be deep illed and well manured. Sod land should ve a good dressing of manure spread early or the surface. Some farmers are very care about spreading manure, having a thick or of it in some places and a very little one, none at all in others. Some successful grow- of corn do not plant sod land until the grass growing very strong during the fine weather May. Others prefer to plow in the fall and pare the soil in the spring with a fine grinding, rrow and roller, not going deep enough to rn up the grass which had been plowed under the fall. It is said that the cut worm is not troublesome on fall prepared land, as the worm ood and lurk. The soil should not be tilled wet weather, nor the seed sown until the ather is favorable for germination. The old le of the Indians was to plant corn when the ves of the oak were as large as a squirrel's

### GRAPES.

Every owner or occupier of a farm or garden ould have plenty of grapes. The preparation the soil and the purchase of a few grape- es of the best varieties will be made for the ilar will be very satisfactory. Grapevines me into bearing in a few years, and furnish most desirable luxury for the family, and a reliable supply of fruit for the market, if the nesting has been extensive. The Concord has en designated "the grape for the million." grows rapidly, begins to bear when three ears old, is perfectly hardy and remarka- y free from disease. A cheap trellis may made with stout posts and strong wire (barbed fence wire will answer), but one of several varieties which are nearly as ody as the Concord, and some of them re of better flavor. The Delaware, Diana, ambrell Hamburg, Isabella, Catawba No. 2, d Catawba are worthy of cultivation. It does not pay to set grape vines out, nd on any farm there are plenty of old boxes ed of lumber, rotten wood and other stuff to put bout the roots. As a crop for the market, ing pays better. Grapes are never so plenty to be cheap, and the demand for them is ually increased up on farms or stocks in a ullion of people grapes that are worth only very little attention will pay a handsome rofit in the third year. People who own a rome, if there is one so little land, can with ll room about the premises for half a dozen rapevines. It should not be forgotten that a ood vine will grow as well as a poor one.

### PLANTS AND SHRUBBERY.

The culture of shade trees, shrubs and flow- rs should be more attended to than it is at present. Every rural homestead may be ren- dered beautiful and attractive by a judicious ar- angement of trees, shrubs and flowers. Evergreens are ornamental at all times, but especially so in winter, when deciduous trees nd shrubs look bare and cheerless. There are several flowering shrubs which are perfectly ardy and eminently worthy of culture. Among hem are the spiraea, tamarisk, Hazel, spirae- a, flowering plums, almonds and quinces. There are many herbaceous perennials which are well worthy of cultivation, as they are ardy, require very little care and continue in the ground for many years. Among these are peonies, roses, pinkroot, hollyhocks, larkspurs, &c.

### DAIRY FARMING.

When properly carried on, dairy farming is generally very profi- At present, and for the past three or five years, butter has been scarce and dear, which can only be accounted for by the great destruction of neat stock dur- ing the war, and by the closure factories, which are springing up in all directions, absorbing the milk of thousands of cows, and converting the products to a foreign market. The farmer whose land is well suited for pasture should keep dairy cows, raise young stock and feed hogs. By this means not only will a large profit be realized annually, but the land will be improved instead of being exhausted. The selection or breeding of the best cows, using a first rate bull, and treating the animals kindly and gently throughout the year, are important points in the management of dairy stock.

### TREE PLANTING.

Whatever may be the importance of tree planting on a large scale in a climatic or com- mercial point of view, its worth as a means of embellishing estates and neighborhoods is ob- vious to everybody, and it ought to be especial- ly realized at the season of the year. A land- scape tree is not only a monument to the good taste of its planter, but it is itself a civilizer, a comfort and a luxury. And how inexpensive is it! A sum of money that could be wasted on a single meal of wickedness, without being remembered, except in the pangs of indigestion, a little time and a little care to guard against injury—and the work is done for a new generation of fully self-gratulation which goes on improving every hour far beyond the limits of our lives. Every individual who commands a spot of ground should resolve at once to settle down at home, and thus make the help, use, and judi- ciously, wherever it may be needed for shade or ornament.

### SHUT AS A PRECAUTION.

Every occupant has vent at command, whose presence in stove pipes and chimneys is not unfrequently the cause of fires, occasioning the loss sometimes of both property and life. This agent for evil is one of the most valuable mar- vels, and nothing but the most exquisite care- lessness and indifference will suffer it to remain as a standing menace to life and property, when it can be easily removed and turned to good account in the field or garden. Twelve ounces of salt to 20 gallons of water will make a powerful liquid manure, which will im- prove the growth of flowers, garden vegetables, or root crops. In either a liquid or a solid state it makes an excellent top-dressing for grass or cereal crops.

### CELLARS.

Clean out the cellars "about this time," and give them a thorough airing. It is about as safe to live over a powder magazine as the filth and poisonous odors of some cellars. But such stuff doesn't poison your land—use it there.

### SOAP SUDS.

Soft soap suds will be found valuable for gar- dens and yards of sandy soil—and almost any other for all that. Suds from hot soap are of less value.

### DOMESTIC RECIPES.

To Keep Cream Hot.—Wash it thoroughly and put into a pot that will hold plenty of water. The water should be hot; the same care is necessary in skimming it as for fresh meat. It is not too much to allow half an hour for every pound of meat after it has begun to boil. The gentleness of corned beef depends much on the being boiled gently and long. If it is to be eaten cold, let it, when boiled, into a coarse earthen dish or pan, and over it a piece of board the size of the meat. Upon this put a clean stone, or a couple of flat irons, or some other heavy weight. Salt meat is very much improved by being pressed.

Sour Cucumbers.—Dissolve one teaspoonful full of soda in a common tumbler of warm water; add a tumblerful of molasses, one egg, four teaspoonfuls of ginger and three cups of flour; stir well and bake in a quick oven. After the ingredients are all together, add a piece of alum as large as a walnut, dissolved in three tablespoonfuls of hot water.

### Waste.

I can never consider that time or money is wasted if it is employed in procuring a lawful pleasure for oneself or for any one else. Many people who are generous enough to their own class, and apt to relieve cases of real distress are rabid at the idea of giving suppers to pro- fessional beggars. They declare it to be wast- ing money, which would do good if bestowed upon the honest poor, and that the present recip- ients only spend it in drink. Well, what if they do? You think nothing or asking a friend to a glass of sherry, why not treat the tramp to half-a-pint of beer? If it is not waste to bestow alcoholic refreshment on a gentleman, who does not much want it, how can it be waste to give it to a poor beggar who does? What is wine for the rich, beer for the poor? Nothing.

The waste of food is to the reflecting mind exceedingly painful. Very few of the respect- able middle classes have any real idea what the word hunger means. To be hungry is a very different thing from hunger. Between "feeling a sinking" and a wolfish state, in which what was a human being is no longer responsible for its actions, there is a fearful gap. But if you can manage in some degree to realize the position of a fellow man supporting a family on twelve shillings a week, when that pittance suddenly, by some unforeseen accident, fails him, you will feel as I did last summer, when I saw, for the first time, several loaves of bread sliced up in ground-bait for trout fishing. I do not say that the feeling was a wise one, for there was no scarcity, and bread is a perishable arti- cle, so man, woman, or child could possibly be deprived of a mouthful by the extravagance. Still I did not like it. If the fish will be pampered like fighting cocks, and have their pellets of bread soaked in trout, perch, eels, or even gudgeon, anything really good to eat in short, it would not have been the same thing; but a common loaf is worth a ton of barbel and dace, and wasting the bounties of God, as the father, in reversing the proverb about setting a spiral to catch a whale.—*Once a Week.*

### Little Women.

The little woman is irresponsible. Too fra- gile to come into the fighting section of life, usually, a puny creature whom one blow from a man's huge fist could annihilate, absolutely fearless, and desirous with the insolence which only those fare those who know that retribu- tion is afraid of nothing, and to be controlled by no one. Sheltered behind her weakness as behind a triple sheet of brass, the puniest man dare not touch her, while she presumes him to a constancy in which his hands are tied. She gets her own way in everything and every- where. At home and abroad she is equally dominant and irresponsible, equally free from obedience and from law.

### Our Little Newsboy.

Hurrying to catch a certain car, at a certain corner, late one stormy night, I was suddenly arrested by the sight of a queer-looking bundle lying in a door-way.

"Bless my heart, it's a child! O John! I'm afraid he's frozen!" I exclaimed to my brother, as we both bent over the bundle.

"Such a little fellow as he was, in the big, ragged coat; such a tired, baby face, under the flimsy cap, such a purple, little hand, still hold- ing fast a few papers; such a pathetic sight al- together, was the boy, lying on the stone step, with the snow drifting over him,—that it was impossible to go by.

"He is asleep; but he will freeze, if left so, long. Here, wake up, my boy; and go home, as fast as you can," cried John, with a gentle shake, and a very gentle voice; for the memory of a dear little lad, safely tucked up at home, made him fatherly-kind to the small vagabond.

The moment he was touched, the boy start- led up, and, before he was half awake, began his usual cry with an eye to business.

"Paper, sir? Herald? — Translator? — Last edition?" and he stood blinking at us like a very chilly young owl.

"If I buy one all, if you'll go home, my little chap, the high time you were shed," said John, whisking the damp papers into one pocket, and his purse out of another, as he spoke.

"All of 'em!—why there's six!" croaked the boy, for he was as hoarse as a raven.

"Never mind, I can kindle a fire with 'em. Fat that in your pocket, and your home, my man, as fast as possible."

"Where do you live?" I asked picking up the fifty cents that fell from the little fingers, too benumbed to hold it.

"Mills Court, out of Hanover. Cold, sir? Ain't said the boy, blowing on his purple hands, and hopping feebly, from one leg to the other to take the stiffness out.

"Be off home, my lad, and don't let me see such a mite, and so small up with cold and sleep,—John."

"Of course, he can't, we'll put him in a car," began John; when the boy wheezed out—

"No; I've got her wait for me. She'll be along, as soon's the theater's done. He said he would, and so I'm waiting."

"Who is Fan?" I asked.

"She's the feller I live with. I ain't got any folks, and he takes care o' me."

"An old crone, indeed, leaving a baby like you, to wait for him here, such a night as this," I said crossly.

"Oh, he's good to me, Sam is; though he does kick a bit on occasional occasions, when I ain't spry. The big fellows always get backs, you see, and I gets cold, and can't sing out loud; so I don't sell my papers, and has to work 'em off late."

"Hear the child talk! One would think he was sixteen, instead of six," I said, half-laugh- ing.

"I'm most ten. Hi!—ain't that a one?" cried the boy, as a gust of wind slapped him in the face, when he purged to see if Sam was coming. "Smile! the lights is out! Was the play's done, and the folks gone; and Sam's forgot me?"

It was very evident, that Sam had forgotten his little *protégé* and a strong desire to shake Sam possessed me.

"No one waits any longer, and none my pa- pers in hand, I will attend to ye home," said the boy, stepping down. But a little cuff sent him with the rheumatism, and preparing to trudge away through the storm.

"Stop, sir, stop! Consistence; a car will be along, in fifteen minutes, and waits; waiting you can warm yourself over there," said John, with the purple hand in his.

"Have you had your supper, Mr. Bill?" asked John laughing.

"Sam's got a pack. Hills, but Carey Banks, please sir," said the little party, with ogling.

"I had some peanuts, and two cocks of Jack's orange; but it wasn't any filling," he said grumpily.

"I should think so. Here!—one stew; and be quick, please," cried John, as we sat down in a warm corner of the confectioner's, oppo- site.

While little Jack shovelled in the hot oysters, —with his eyes shutting up now and then, in spite of himself—we looked at him, and thought of the many times we had stopped there, on a warm night, with mother-love watching over him. Nestling toward the ragged, grimy, for- lorn little creature,—drooping asleep over his supper like a tired baby,—I said—

"Can you imagine our Freddy, out alone at this hour, trying to "work off his papers, be- cause afraid to go home till he has?"

"I'd rather not worry," answered brother John, winking hard, as he stroked the little head be- side him, which, by the by, looked very like a ragged yellow door-mat. I think brother John was fonder of boys than I can be sure, for I know I did; and for a minute there seemed to be a dozen little newsboys dancing before my eyes.

"There goes our car; and it's the last," said John, hailing it now.

"Let it go, but don't leave the boy," and I frowned at John, for hinting such a thing.

"Here is his car. Now, my boy, bon you have cents, and come to—"

Good night, ma'am! Thanks, sir!" crooked the grateful, little voice, as the child was caught up in John's strong hands, and cut down on the step.

With a word to the conductor, and a small business transaction, we left Jack curled up in a corner, to finish his nap as tranquilly as if it wasn't midnight, and a "knocking round" might not await him at his journey's end.

We didn't mind the storm much, as we plod- ded home; and when I told the story to Kate- face, next day, its interest quite succeeded me the evil of the night and storm of that week.

"If I see that poor little boy, Aunt Wealy, I'll have him home" said Freddy, with a world of pity in his beautiful child's eyes.

And I believing that others also would be kind to little Jack, and such as he, I tell the story.

When busy business sweeps home at night, I hope many of our busy papa's will see the little newsboys, who get "shoved back," the feeble ones, who grow lonely, and can't "sing out loud," the shabby ones, who continually have only forgetful Sams to care for them, and the hungry looking ones, who don't get what is "filling."

For one of the little sons and daughters safe at home, say a kind word, buy a paper, even if you don't want it, and never pass the hurrying throng to sleep forgotten in the streets at mid- night, with no pillow but a stone, no coverlid but the pitiless snow, and not even a brother- hearted robin to drop leaves over them.—*Ben- ny's Home.*


## SPECIAL NOTICE.

DYSPEPSIA HAS SENT THOUSANDS to untimely graves, who might have been saved by HOSTADTER'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, if they had but known their value. The worst cases have been cured by them. For sale by all Drug- gists.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure the Itch. WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum. WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures old sores. WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures all diseases of the Skin.

Price 50 cents—by mail 60 cents. All Druggists sell it. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

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TENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS
TO BE ISSUED, Ended in the Clerk's office, 15 month of May, 1868.
PITTSBURGH.
E. W. Kennet, lawyer, Fifth ward;
Geo. Dick, tailor, First ward;
Albert Barnston, oyster goods, First ward;
Joseph Robinson, saloon, Third ward;
John F. Hunsicker, saloon house, Fourth ward;
Thos. S. Irwin, lawyer, Fifth ward;
E. Daugherty, saloon house, Sixth ward;
W. Johnston, saloon house, Eighth ward;
Jos. Hunter, saloon house, Eighth ward;
Sophia Hall, tavern, Tenth ward;
Jos. Hall, saloon house, Tenth ward;
Wm. Byrne saloon house, Tenth ward.
ALLEGHENY.
Joseph Schirmer, saloon house, Third ward;
Chris. Seidel, tavern, Fifth ward;
Wm. Long, tavern, Seventh ward.
BOROUGHS.
John Schlegle, tavern, East Birmingham;
Francis Towers, saloon, Lawrenceville;
Wm. Kessler, saloon house, Lawrenceville;
Wm. Cooper, saloon house, Birmingham;
Wm. Hannon, other goods, South Birmingham;
Wm. Hannon, other goods, Temperanceville.
TOWNSHIPS.
Christ Jaeschke, Baldwin;
Patrick Kane, tavern, Lowries;
Nich. Roy, tavern, South Fayette;
Chas. Stephenson, other goods, Franklin;
Jos. Gibbs, tavern, Lowries;
Wm. Thomas, saloon, Lowries;
Wm. Hannon, other goods, McCandless;
Thos. Welsh, saling house, Upper St. Clair;
Jas. Hamilton, tavern, Versailles.
The Electric Board will sit on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of May, at 7 o'clock A. M., for hearing the above applications.
JOHN G. SHORB, Clerk.

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Brass Founders,
PIPE FITTERS, PLUMBERS,
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We invite attention to our Kid Glove department, which is now complete in all the new colors and shades, including the new "Gem" Stitch. Inspection of the stock solicited.
*A. C. C. (Jouvin) Kids,*
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Now offer the most elegant line of
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Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they respectfully invite the attention of their customers. The goods are in new and exclusive patterns, and were purchased at the late great sale.
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Have just opened all shades of
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| 10000 Gifts, each, Rosewood Melodeons | $150 |
| 10000 Gifts, each, Sewing Machines | 100 |
| 10000 Gifts, each, Gold Watches | 75 |
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You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. *Any Prize may be exchanged for another of equal or less value.*

Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES—We select the few following names from the many we have permission to use. Hon. Wm. Dennison, Postmaster General, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Wm. Kellogg, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Wm. Pitt Fessenden, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell, Washington, D. C.; Hon. Wm. D. Kelley, Washington, D. C.; Hon. E. N. Dickerson, New York; Hon. Wm. Cullen Bryant, New York; Hon. Horace Greeley, New York; Hon. Theodore Tilton, New York; Hon. Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Hon. Fitz Henry Warren, Cincinnati, O.; Hon. Wm. D. Gallagher, Cincinnati, O.; Hon. Wm. Dennison, Columbus, O.; Hon. Wm. Bigler, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Fitz Hugh Carleton, Montreal, C. E.; Hon. W. F. Pitts, Cleveland, O.; Hon. Morton McMichael, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Darrah Kelley, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Millward, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Strong, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 3d, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 4th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 5th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 6th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 7th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 8th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 9th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 10th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 11th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 12th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 13th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 14th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 15th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 16th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 17th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 18th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 19th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 20th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 21st, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 22nd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 23rd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 24th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 25th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 26th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 27th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 28th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 29th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 30th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 31st, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 32nd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 33rd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 34th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 35th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 36th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 37th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 38th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 39th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 40th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 41st, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 42nd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 43rd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 44th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 45th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 46th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 47th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 48th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 49th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. 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Wilkins, 98th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 99th, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. Wm. Wilkins, 100th, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
WARM AIR REGISTERS
AND
VENTILATORS.
Stock of White Enameled, Square or Round, at
EAKIN & CO.'S,
No. 323 Liberty street.

CARPETS.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED
BY STEAMER COLORADO,
Of our own Direct Importation, the Newest and Choicest Patterns of the celebrated John Crossley & Sons'
ENGLISH TAPESTRY,
AND
*BODY BRUSSELS,*
FOR PARLORS AND HALLS,
With Stair Carpets to Match
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth St., Second Floor.
CHINA MATTING
CARPETS,
*A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY OF*
White, Fancy Striped and Check
MATTINGS.
JUST IMPORTED.
All Wool Ingrains,
IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET,
ABOVE WOOD.
SPRING STOCK
OF
CARPETS.
WE HAVE IN STORE THE MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS WE HAVE EVER OPENED, EMBRACING THE NEWEST STYLES AND DESIGNS OF THE BEST FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTED AND SELECTED WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE PITTSBURGH MARKET; MANY OF THE PATTERNS ARE CONFINED TO OUR HOUSE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THIS CITY. WITH THE ADVANTAGES OF DIRECT IMPORTATION WE ARE NOW ABLE TO OFFER EARLY THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST PATTERNS OF BRUSSELS FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED ENGLISH LOOMS, AND AT PRICES WITHIN THE REACH ALMOST EVERY HOUSEHOLDER. A SPECIAL BUT LIMITED IMPORTATION OF ENGLISH INGRAINS OF EXTRA QUALITY, AND IN RARE AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS, WILL BE FOUND ESPECIALLY CHOICE AND DESIRABLE FOR CHAMBERS.
Our stock of Common all wool Carpets, purchased before the carpet weavers' strike, will be sold at the same rates as previous to the last advance, and will furnish Carpets to the multitude at the lowest cash prices since the war. A good Carpet for 25 cents a yard.
N. B.—Those having parlors or drawing rooms to furnish are specially invited to examine the unusually large number of Patterns particularly adapted to that purpose, which we offer in Wilton and Tapestry Velvets and Brussels, at Low Prices.
OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
& CO.,
23 Fifth Street.
GROCERIES, &C.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions,
Cheese, Fish, Carbon Oil, Salt, &c.,
172 and 174 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
SUNDRIES.
111 bags Prime Coffee;
60 bags Choice Coffee;
20 hhds Cuba Sugar;
150 bbls Refined Sugar;
60 bbls Golden Drips;
50 bbls Honey Syrups;
FOR SALE BY
JAS. CONNOR,
No. 255 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
GROCERIES.
5000 bags Coffee, (all to choice);
3000 bbls Syrups, Golden Drips and Molasses;
2000 bbls New Orleans Molasses;
1000 bbls and half bbls Sugar;
3000 bbls Refined Sugars;
250 bbls Rio Coffee;
75 bbls Java Coffee;
1000 bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars;
2000 bbls Family Flour;
2000 bbls Extra—all kinds;
5000 pkgs Salt;
1000 bags Rio Coffee;
500 bbls Rockaway Rye Whiskey;
2 cases Turkish Prunes;
25 tons Jackson Buckwheat;
3000 pkgs Lager Bavarian, hops and lf hops;
With a full stock of other goods in our line, to which we invite the attention of city and country buyers.
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
130 and 132 Second street.
M'MASTERS & OSBORNE,
DEALERS IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
*NO. 276 LIBERTY STREET,*
NEAR EAGLE HOTEL, PITTSBURGH, PA.
WM. MILLER,
(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON),
Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin Streets,
Offers to the Trade at Low Figures,
200 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
100 bbls. N. O. Sugar;
200 bags Rio Coffee;
50 bags Laguayra Coffee;
10 hogs Old Government Java Coffee;
150 bbls., halves, quarters and kits, No. 1, 2 and 3 Bay and Shore Mackerel;
200 bbls. Syrups and Golden Drips;
50 hhds N. O. Sugar.
ALSO, 100 CASES FINE
COGNAC BRANDY
IN GLASS, PINTS AND QUARTS.
250 Cases and Baskets Moet & Chandon's celebrated
CHAMPAGNE WINES.
NUTS, NUTS, NUTS.
300 bags Tennessee Peanuts;
25 bags Filberts;
25 bags Sicily Almonds;
50 bags Ivica Almonds;
5 bales Bordeaux Almonds;
15 bags Brazil Nuts;
10 bags Naples Walnuts;
10 bags French Walnuts;
15 bbls Pecans;
3,000 Cocoa Nuts;
JUST RECEIVED AT
*REYMER & BROS.,*
Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD ST.
PRODUCE IN STORE AND ARRIVING.
5,000 bushels Chopped Corn and Oats, 500 bush- els Sifted Corn Meal, 3,000 pounds Prime Oats, 2,000 bushels Ear Corn, 1,000 bushels Shelled Corn, 100 barrels Family Flour, 100 barrels Rye Flour, 4000 bushels Clover Seed, 300 bushels Prime Timothy Seed. With full Stock of Groceries in store and for sale by
R. RIDDLE,
No. 183 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS.
DRESS GOODS,
FOR SALE AT
LOW PRICES,
BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
NEW STOCK
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS,
AT THE
New Store,
87 Market Street,
THEO. F. PHILLIPS,
(Late J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.)
DRY GOODS
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
*ALL LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.*
M'ELROY,
DICKSON,
& CO.,
DRY GOODS
JOBBERS.
No. 51 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.
PUBLIC NOTICE.—TO THE OWN- ERS AND CONTRACTORS OF CARTS RUNNING AT LARGE.—Notice is hereby given to the owners and contractors of carts that are now running at large in the city, that on and after the 1st day of June, 1868, all carts found running at large in the city will be sold to the highest bidder, and charges for the same will be collected before the carts will be delivered to the owners. By order of the Mayor.
JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
WATER LOAN.
Proposals for $450,000 00 of the Bonds of the
"Water Extension Loan,"
Will be received at the OFFICE OF THE CITY TREASURER, Pittsburgh, until
Thursday, June 4th, 1868,
at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of the Bonds of the Loan, bearing Interest at the rate of Seven Per Cent. per annum, payable semi- annually on the first days of January and July, and the Bonds are to be paid off in twenty-four years from date.
By Act of Assembly the revenue of the Water Works is pledged for the payment of the Bonds of the Loan, and the Bonds are in the usual negotiable form, and are issued in accordance with the Ordinance of Councils, passed March 23, 1868, and the Act of Assembly, approved April 1, 1

# The Daily Commercial

## CITY MATTERS.

THE DISTRICT OFFICE of Revenue Col. in Division No. 6, of T., takes place on Saturday.

SCALDED.—Fifty cents for hot potatoes, onions, cucumbers, and a portion of it at the corner of Diamond alley and Smithfield street.

EXCURSION TO THE COAST.—Passes W. H. Barnes to accompany the office on Cabinet stock, to Saint Philadelphia.

A CHANGE.—When the market opened yesterday morning a letter and envelope of the same color could be told at thirty cents per pound; when closed the same letter could be had at thirty cents per pound.

FATHER THROUGH.—Passenger morning Wellsville accommodated "Black Creek" on the East to Cleveland, where it will run to Cincinnati.

EXPERIENCE.—On account of disagreements in the Presbyterian Church, the resignation of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Hall, will take place in the Methodist.

ANNUAL CONFERENCE.—A meeting of the Pittsburgh Conference Education Society will be held at the office of C. C. Taylor, Esq., No. 60 Diamond street, this afternoon at three o'clock.

SALE OF WAGONS.—On Saturday next the sale of wagons, advertised by Street Commissioner Wm. Fudon, will take place. The wagons were picked up on the streets, and the owners have claimed them, so they will be sold according to law.

THE STEAMER IN THE UPPER WATERS.—Considerable work has been done this season by Street Commissioner McFadden of the Second District, and several miles of the road will be ready for wagons to pass through, and repaired.

SMALLPOX STORES.—The grading of Smallman street, between Morton and Tarrier streets, in the Fifth Ward, has been commenced, and if the weather proves favorable, the work will be soon completed.

SUPERIOR CONSTRUCTION.—Since the first of February last the contractors have constructed two hundred and fifty feet of sewer on Penn street, Fifth ward, of eight weight. The latter was all turned over to the Directors of the County House.

JUMPED THE TRACK.—Engine No. 5, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, while drawing a freight train out of the round house, on Tuesday evening, jumped the track. Considerable delay was occasioned by the accident, and it took a long time to replace the engine, but no damage was done.

DRUNKEN ASSAULT.—John Anthonemer and Fritz Armstrong were before the Mayor yesterday charged with a violation of the ordinance requiring licenses to peddle, as per ordinance passed by the last Council. Both were fined, the prosecuting ear to receive the ordinance again, they were discharged.

POLICE APPOINTMENT.—John Kennedy has been appointed as an additional policeman on the Allegheny bridges, Fifth Ward. Mr. Kennedy was not an appointment to the place made vacant on the bridge by the resignation of Mr. Hamilton, but to place as additional officer on the night force.

THE INTERCHANGE TABLE.—Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Bros., Philadelphia, have just issued, in pamphlet form, the entire proceedings in the International Exchange Convention, held in that city some time ago, together with the reports on the different states. Messrs. Nos. 11 and 13 Fifth street, this city.

PROTECTIVE AND PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION.—An effective body of men has been organized in Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania, and William S. Carr appointed provisional.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Robert Wilson, Esq., has been appointed Superintendent of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, vice Thomas A. Scott, resigned.

THE FUNERAL OF REV. MR. LUCAS.—The funeral of Rev. V. Lucas, pastor of the First Methodist Church, Allegheny, was held next morning at Tuesday, with large place this morning. The body was taken to Mount Washington, and will be laid in the vault of Mr. Lucas' father-in-law, Mr. Hamilton, of Mount Washington.

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WORK COMMENCED.—We are glad to notice that the grading of Fifth street, preparatory to the laying of the street railroad, has been commenced, and we are assured that if the weather continues favorable the work will be completed in a few weeks. The track will be laid from the bridge to the head of the pavement.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING.—A dog had been on one of the towboats which plies on the Allegheny river, fell from the deck of the boat as it was coming from the river above the Hand Street Bridge, struck the water and sank to the bottom like a stone. Some young men who were with a yawl, saw the dog fall, and pulled for him, and succeeded in rescuing him from the perilous situation.

COAL MINERS DISCHARGED.—On Tuesday an accident occurred in the Spring Hill Coal Mines, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, by which a miner named Patrick Connolly was severely, if not fatally injured. He was driving a mule, and in the act of turning one of the mules on locomotive fell upon him. He was taken to his home, and it is thought he has received internal injuries. He is a married man, and has a family.

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## Injured.

On Saturday evening a couple named Bryant had, employed as driver for Mr. Robert Campbell, grocer, got into the street car on the line of the Monongahela House, about seven o'clock, and in attempting to get into the car, as it was passing, fell and was thrown violently to the ground. He was picked up and carried to his residence, No. 6 Diamond alley, and Dr. Hamilton summoned and attended to his injuries. He was severely bruised about the head and body, but no bones were broken. He was attended to on Monday morning, and was doing well.

## Sheep Shearing Festival.

The Independent Order of Good Fellows of the Monongahela and Washington County Wool Growers' Association, will meet on the 1st inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., on the farm of Harry McHenry, two miles from Pittsburgh, on the Washington road, Peterson, on the road to Washington, for the purpose of shearing their sheep. The meeting is for the purpose of shearing their sheep. The meeting is for the purpose of shearing their sheep. The meeting is for the purpose of shearing their sheep. The meeting is for the purpose of shearing their sheep.

## Accident on the Pan Handle Railroad—Passenger Cars Wrecked.

An accident occurred yesterday morning to the Cincinnati Express train on the Pan Handle road, by which the passenger cars were thrown from the track and wrecked. The train, which left the city at seven o'clock, was running at the usual rate of speed, when, on coming around a curve, the engine, tender and baggage car were thrown from the track. The first intimation of the passengers in the cars knew was the sudden jerking of the cars, and the next moment the passengers were thrown with great force from their seats against the roof of the car, the platform of the baggage car, and the floor of the car. The passengers in the cars were thrown with great force from their seats against the roof of the car, the platform of the baggage car, and the floor of the car. The passengers in the cars were thrown with great force from their seats against the roof of the car, the platform of the baggage car, and the floor of the car.

## I. O. O. F. OF PENNSYLVANIA.

### The Annual Session of the Grand Lodge—Address of Welcome.

The Grand Lodge convened its session yesterday morning at nine o'clock, with the same officers as on the preceding day.

The journal of the last day's proceedings was read, and the roll of Representatives called.

The Committee of Accounts, consisting of the same members of the Grand Lodge, was announced, when Past Grand Daniel Barger, Esq., on behalf of the Committee, said:

That Worthy Grand Master—The committee have been charged by the business of this District with the pleasant duty of expressing a few words of welcome to the Grand Lodge. To this end there have been appointed by the District Deputy Grand Master, E. Binnie Rutherford, the leader of whom I am one. Therefore, the Worthy Grand Master, the Worthy Grand Lodge, the Worthy Grand Officers and members of the Grand Lodge, Brother Rutherford.

Mrs. Rogers thanked the Grand Lodge for the pleasant manner in which they had met the duty of holding their session here, and although we had met the Grand Lodge annual so that in this city at this time, we had not forgotten, and hoped that the Grand Lodge would be kind to this city at this time, as we have been to them, as we endeavor to make everything pleasant for the Grand Lodge, and that the officers and members of the Grand Lodge, Brother Rutherford.

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The following resolutions were offered by Mr. Rutherford, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, by unanimous vote, hereby tenders to